IN THE CLAIMS

The listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Currently amended) In a digital communications network, a method comprising:

monitoring a plurality of links to determine state changes of the links <u>between a first</u> <u>inverse multiplexing for asynchronous (IMA) group and a second IMA group;</u>

enforcing an inverse multiplexing for asynchronous transfer mode identification (IMA-ID) check when an insufficient links state is reached, such that a link for which a near end IMA-ID matches a far end IMA-ID is maintained and a link for which a near end IMA-ID does not match a far end IMA-ID is disabled;

relaxing the IMA-ID check when all the links are in an error state; and re-enforcing an IMA-ID check when at least one link of the plurality of links recovers from an error state to resynchronize the first IMA group and the second IMA group on a per group basis.

- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Currently amended) In a digital communications network, a method comprising:

restarting an existing inverse multiplexing for asynchronous transfer mode (IMA) groups to resynchronize a first IMA group and a second IMA group on a per group basis, comprising:

learning an IMA group ID of a far end IMA group;

toring storing the IMA group ID in a memory such that the IMA group ID is made persistent;

using only links matching the IMA group ID; and placing non-matching links in an unusable state.

4. (Currently amended) The method of claim 3, wherein learning an IMA group ID further comprises:

resynchronizing the IMA group first IMA group and the second IMA group; and extracting the IMA group ID from a first connected link.

- 5. (Canceled)
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein using only matching links further comprises screening IMA links having an IMA group ID that are involved in unintentional IMA group restarts for a matching stored IMA group ID.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 3, further comprising looping back all links.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 3, further comprising marking all links as unusable.
- 9. (Currently amended) In a digital communications network, a system comprising:

means for monitoring a plurality of links to determine state changes of the links between a first inverse multiplexing for asynchronous (IMA) group and a second IMA group;

means for enforcing an inverse multiplexing for asynchronous transfer mode identification (IMA-ID) check when an insufficient links state is reached such that a link for which a near end IMA-ID matches a far end IMA-ID is maintained and a link for which a near end IMA-ID does not match a far end IMA-ID is disabled;

means for relaxing the IMA-ID check when all the links are in an error state; and means for re-enforcing an IMA-ID check when at least one link of the plurality of links recovers from an error state to resynchronize the first IMA group and the second IMA group on a per group basis.

- 10. (Canceled)
- 11. (Currently amended) In a digital communications network, a system comprising:

means for restarting an existing inverse multiplexing for asynchronous transfer mode (IMA) groups to resynchronize a first IMA group and a second IMA group on a per group basis, comprising:

means for learning an IMA group ID of a far end IMA group;
means for storing the IMA group ID in a memory such that the IMA group ID is made persistent;

means for using only links matching the IMA group ID; and means for placing non-matching links in an unusable state.

12. (Currently amended) The system of claim 11, wherein learning an IMA group ID further comprises:

means for resynchronizing the IMA group first IMA group and the second IMA group; and

means for extracting the IMA group ID from a first connected link.

- 13. (Canceled)
- 14. (Original) The system of claim 11, wherein using only matching links further comprises screening IMA links having an IMA group ID that are involved in unintentional IMA group restarts for a matching stored IMA group ID.
- 15. (Original) The system of claim 11, further comprising looping back all links.
- 16. (Original) The system of claim 11, further comprising marking all links as unusable.
- 17. (Currently amended) A computer-readable medium having stored thereon a plurality of instructions, said plurality of instructions when executed by a computer, cause said computer to perform the method comprising:

monitoring a plurality of links to determine state changes of the links <u>between a first</u> inverse multiplexing for asynchronous (IMA) group and a second IMA group;

enforcing an inverse multiplexing for asynchronous transfer mode identification (IMA-ID) check when an insufficient links state is reached such that a link for which a near end IMA-ID matches a far end IMA-ID is maintained and a link for which a near end IMA-ID does not match a far end IMA-ID is disabled;

relaxing the IMA-ID check when all the links are in an error state; and

re-enforcing an IMA-ID check when at least one link of the plurality of links recovers from an error state to resynchronize the first IMA group and the second IMA group on a per group basis.

- 18. (Canceled)
- 19. (Currently amended) In a digital communications network, a method comprising A computer-readable medium having instructions thereon, which when executed by a processor, cause the processor to perform the following comprising:

restarting an existing inverse multiplexing for asynchronous transfer mode (IMA) groups to resynchronize a first IMA group and a second IMA group on a per group basis, comprising:

learning an IMA group ID of a far end IMA group; storing the IMA group ID in a memory such that the IMA group ID is made persistent;

using only links matching the IMA group ID; and placing non-matching links in an unusable state.

- 20. (Currently amended) The computer-readable medium of claim 19 having stored thereon additional instructions, said additional instructions when executed by a computer for learning an IMA group ID, cause said computer to further perform:
 - resynchronizing the IMA group first IMA group and the second IMA group; and extracting the IMA group ID from a first connected link.
- 21. (Canceled)
- 22. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 19 having stored thereon additional instructions, said additional instructions when executed by a computer for using only matching links, cause said computer to further perform screening IMA links having an IMA group ID that are involved in unintentional IMA group restarts for a matching stored IMA group ID.

- 23. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 19 having stored thereon additional instructions, said additional instructions when executed by a computer, cause said computer to further perform looping back all links.
- 24. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 19 having stored thereon additional instructions, said additional instructions when executed by a computer, cause said computer to further perform marking all links as unusable.
- 25. (Currently amended) A line card for use in a switch, comprising:
 a central processing unit (CPU);
 a system controller connected to the central processing unit;
 random access memory (RAM) connected to the system controller; and
 a group restarter connected to the CPU, controller, and RAM wherein the group
 restarter restarts an inverse multiplexing for asynchronous transfer mode (IMA) group and
 wherein the processor monitors a plurality of links to determine state changes of the links
 and enforces an inverse multiplexing for asynchronous transfer mode identification (IMA-ID)
 check when an insufficient links state is reached such that a link for which a near end IMA-ID matches a far end IMA-ID is maintained and a link for which a near end IMA-ID does not
 match a far end IMA-ID is disabled to resynchronize a first IMA group and a second IMA
 group on a per group basis.
- 26. (Canceled)
- 27. (Previously Presented) The switch of claim 25 wherein the processor relaxes the IMA-ID check when all the links are in an error state and re-enforces an IMA-ID check when at least one link of the plurality of links recovers from an error state.
- 28. (Canceled)